

| NELAC PT for Accreditation | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--|----------------------------------|---|---|---|-------------------------|
| Fields of Proficiency Testing with PTRLs | | | | | | | | |
| Drinking Water | | | | | | | | |
| Effective January 3, 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Red = Previous Experimental Analytes | Blue = New Analyte/Header/Footer | | | | Magenta = Changes |
| Matrix | EPA | NELAC | Analyte ^{1,2} | Conc Range | Acceptance Criteria ^{3,4,5,6} | | | NELAC PTRL ⁷ |
| | Analyte Code | Analyte Code | | | a | b | c | d |
| | | | Microbiology | CFU/100 mL | | | | CFU/100 mL |
| Drinking Water | 0254 | 2500 | Total Coliform ^{8,9,10} | | Nine out of ten correct with no false negatives | | | Not Applicable |
| Drinking Water | 0255 | 2530 | Fecal Coliform ^{8,9,10} | | Nine out of ten correct with no false negatives | | | Not Applicable |
| Drinking Water | | 2525 | E.coli ^{8,9,10} | | Nine out of ten correct with no false negatives | | | Not Applicable |
| | | | | CFU (MPN)/mL | | | | CFU (MPN)/mL |
| Drinking Water | 0258 | 2555 | Heterotrophic Plate Count (MF, PP) ¹¹ | 5 to 500 | Log transform Mean \pm 2 SD | | | 2 |
| Drinking Water | 0258 | 2555 | Heterotrophic Plate Count (MPN) ¹² | 5 to 500 | Log transform Mean \pm 2 SD | | | 2 |
| | | | | CFU (MPN)/100 mL | | | | CFU (MPN)/100 mL |
| Drinking Water | | 2525 | E.coli (MF) ¹¹ | 20 to 200 | Log transform Mean \pm 2 SD | | | 2 |
| Drinking Water | | 2525 | E.coli (MPN) ¹² | 20 to 200 | Log transform Mean \pm 2 SD | | | 2 |
| Drinking Water | 0255 | 2530 | Fecal Coliform (MF) ¹¹ | 20 to 200 | Log transform Mean \pm 2 SD | | | 2 |
| Drinking Water | 0255 | 2530 | Fecal Coliform (MPN) ¹² | 20 to 200 | Log transform Mean \pm 2 SD | | | 2 |
| Drinking Water | 0254 | 2500 | Total Coliform (MF) ¹¹ | 20 to 200 | Log transform Mean \pm 2 SD | | | 2 |
| Drinking Water | 0254 | 2500 | Total Coliform (MPN) ¹² | 20 to 200 | Log transform Mean \pm 2 SD | | | 2 |
| | | | Trace Metals | μ g/L | | | | μ g/L |
| Drinking Water | 0235 | 1000 | Aluminum | 130 to 1000 | \pm 20% at $< 500 \pm 15\% \geq 500$ fixed acceptance limit | | | 104 |
| Drinking Water | 0140 | 1005 | Antimony | 6 to 50 | \pm 30% fixed acceptance limit | | | 4.2 |
| Drinking Water | 0001 | 1010 | Arsenic | 5 to 50 | \pm 30% fixed acceptance limit | | | 3.5 |
| Drinking Water | 0002 | 1015 | Barium | 500 to 3000 | \pm 15% fixed acceptance limit | | | 420 |
| Drinking Water | 0141 | 1020 | Beryllium | 2 to 20 | \pm 15% fixed acceptance limit | | | 1.7 |
| Drinking Water | 0226 | 1025 | Boron | 800 to 2000 | \pm 15% fixed acceptance limit | | | 680 |
| Drinking Water | 0003 | 1030 | Cadmium | 2 to 50 | \pm 20% fixed acceptance limit | | | 1.6 |
| Drinking Water | 0004 | 1040 | Chromium | 10 to 200 | \pm 15% fixed acceptance limit | | | 8.5 |
| Drinking Water | | 1045 | Hexavalent Chromium (VI) | 5 to 50 | \pm 20% fixed acceptance limit | | | 4.0 |
| Drinking Water | 0091 | 1055 | Copper | 50 to 2000 | \pm 10% fixed acceptance limit | | | 45 |
| Drinking Water | 0284 | 1070 | Iron | 100 to 1800 | \pm 20% at $< 250 \pm 15\% \geq 250$ fixed acceptance limit | | | 80 |
| Drinking Water | 0005 | 1075 | Lead | 5 to 100 | \pm 30% fixed acceptance limit | | | 3.5 |
| Drinking Water | 0236 | 1090 | Manganese | 40 to 900 | \pm 15% fixed acceptance limit | | | 34 |
| Drinking Water | 0006 | 1095 | Mercury ^{13a} | 0.5 to 10 | \pm 30% fixed acceptance limit | | | 0.35 |
| Drinking Water | 0237 | 1100 | Molybdenum | 15 to 130 | \pm 15% fixed acceptance limit | | | 13 |
| Drinking Water | 0142 | 1105 | Nickel | 10 to 500 | \pm 15% fixed acceptance limit | | | 8.5 |
| Drinking Water | 0007 | 1140 | Selenium | 10 to 100 | \pm 20% fixed acceptance limit | | | 8.0 |
| Drinking Water | 0008 | 1150 | Silver | 20 to 300 | \pm 30% fixed acceptance limit | | | 14 |
| Drinking Water | 0143 | 1165 | Thallium | 2 to 10 | \pm 30% fixed acceptance limit | | | 1.4 |
| Drinking Water | 0238 | 1185 | Vanadium | 50 to 1000 | \pm 15% fixed acceptance limit | | | 42 |
| Drinking Water | 0239 | 1190 | Zinc | 200 to 2000 | \pm 15% fixed acceptance limit | | | 170 |
| | | | Nutrients | mg/L | | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0009 | 1810 | Nitrate as N | 3 to 10 | \pm 10% fixed acceptance limit | | | 2.7 |
| Drinking Water | | 1820 | Nitrate + Nitrite as N | 3 to 10 | \pm 15% fixed acceptance limit | | | 2.6 |
| Drinking Water | 0092 | 1840 | Nitrite as N | 0.4 to 2 | \pm 15% fixed acceptance limit | | | 0.34 |
| Drinking Water | 0261 | 1870 | Orthophosphate as P | 0.5 to 5.5 | \pm 15% fixed acceptance limit | | | 0.43 |

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| Matrix | EPA | NELAC | Analyte ^{1,2} | Conc Range | Acceptance Criteria ^{3,4,5,6} | | | |
| | Analyte Code | Analyte Code | | | a | b | c | d |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Minerals | mg/L | | | | mg/L |
| Drinking Water | 0287 | 1575 | Chloride | 20 to 160 | ±15% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0010 | 1730 | Fluoride | 1 to 8 | ±10% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0145 | 2000 | Sulfate | 25 to 250 | ±15% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0286 | 1125 | Potassium | 10 to 40 | ±15% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0029 | 1155 | Sodium | 12 to 50 | ±15% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0283 | 1035 | Calcium | 30 to 90 | ±15% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0285 | 1085 | Magnesium | 2 to 20 | ±15% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0025 | 1550 | Ca Hardness as CaCO ₃ | 75 to 225 | ±15% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | | 1755 | Total Hardness as CaCO ₃ | 83 to 307 | ±15% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| | | | Inorganic Disinfection By-Products | µg/L | | | | µg/L |
| Drinking Water | 0193 | 1535 | Bromate | 7 to 50 | ±30% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0260 | 1540 | Bromide | 50 to 300 | ±15% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0194 | 1570 | Chlorate | 60 to 180 | ±30% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0195 | 1595 | Chlorite | 100 to 1000 | ±30% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| | | | Misc Analytes | mg/L | | | | mg/L |
| Drinking Water | 0027 | 1505 | Alkalinity as CaCO ₃ /L | 25 to 200 | ±10% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0253 | 1520 | Asbestos | 1.5 to 20 MF/L | study mean | | 0.2971 | 0.4164 |
| Drinking Water | | 1620 | Corrosivity | -4 to +4 SI units | ± 0.4 SI units fixed acceptance | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0146 | 1645 | Cyanide, Total ^{13b} | 0.1 to 0.5 | ±25% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | | 1710 | Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC) | 1.3 to 13 | 0.9744 | 0.0960 | 0.0402 | 0.0700 |
| Drinking Water | | 1895 | Perchlorate | 4 to 20 µg/L | ±20% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0026 | 1900 | pH | 5 to 10 units | ± 0.2 units fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0022 | 1945 | Residual Free Chlorine | 0.5 to 3.0 | 1.0000 | 0.0004 | 0.0776 | 0.0246 |
| Drinking Water | | 1990 | Silica as SiO ₂ | 5 to 75 | ±15% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0288 | 1610 | Specific Conductance | 130 to 1300 µmhos/cm | ±10% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | | 2025 | Surfactants - MBAS | 0.1 to 1.0 | 0.9804 | 0.0054 | 0.0673 | 0.0348 |
| Drinking Water | | 1940 | Total Residual Chlorine | 0.5 to 3.0 | 1.0000 | -0.0048 | 0.0723 | 0.0065 |
| Drinking Water | 0024 | 1955 | Total Filterable Residue | 100 to 1000 | ±20% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0263 | 2040 | Total Organic Carbon | 1.3 to 13 | ±20% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0023 | 2055 | Turbidity ^{13c} | 0.5 to 8 NTU | 0.9755 | 0.0593 | 0.0565 | 0.0661 |
| Drinking Water | | 2060 | UV 254 Absorbance | 0.05 to 0.7 cm-1 | 0.9919 | 0.0043 | 0.0872 | 0.0034 |

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| | Analyte Code | Analyte Code | | | a | b | c | d |
| | | | Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)¹ | µg/L | | | | µg/L |
| Drinking Water | 0039 | 4375 | Benzene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0037 | 4455 | Carbon Tetrachloride | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0049 | 4475 | Chlorobenzene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0054 | 4610 | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0041 | 4620 | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0035 | 4635 | 1,2-Dichloroethane | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0034 | 4640 | 1,1-Dichloroethylene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0043 | 4645 | Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0042 | 4700 | Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0055 | 4975 | Dichloromethane (Methylene Chloride) | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0044 | 4655 | 1,2 Dichloropropane | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0048 | 4765 | Ethylbenzene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0053 | 5100 | Styrene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0040 | 5115 | Tetrachloroethylene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0047 | 5140 | Toluene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0036 | 5160 | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0061 | 5165 | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0038 | 5170 | Trichloroethylene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0076 | 5155 | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0032 | 5235 | Vinyl Chloride | 2 to 50 | ±40% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0090 | 5260 | Total Xylenes | 2 to 50 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| | | | | µg/L | | | | µg/L |
| Drinking Water | 0019 | 4395 | Bromodichloromethane | 5 to 50 | ±20% fixed acceptance limit ¹⁴ | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0018 | 4400 | Bromoform | 5 to 50 | ±20% fixed acceptance limit ¹⁴ | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0020 | 4575 | Chlorodibromomethane | 5 to 50 | ±20% fixed acceptance limit ¹⁴ | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0017 | 4505 | Chloroform | 5 to 50 | ±20% fixed acceptance limit ¹⁴ | | | |

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| | Analyte Code | Analyte Code | | | a | b | c | d |
| | | | Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)¹ cont' | µg/L | | | | µg/L |
| Drinking Water | 0067 | 4385 | Bromobenzene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0089 | 4390 | Bromochloromethane | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0069 | 4950 | Bromomethane | 5 to 50 | ±40% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0079 | 4435 | n-Butylbenzene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0086 | 4440 | Sec-Butylbenzene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0085 | 4445 | Tert-Butylbenzene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0070 | 4485 | Chloroethane | 5 to 50 | ±40% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0068 | 4960 | Chloromethane | 5 to 50 | ±40% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0071 | 4535 | 2-Chlorotoluene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0072 | 4540 | 4-Chlorotoluene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0057 | 4595 | Dibromomethane | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0066 | 4615 | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0088 | 4625 | Dichlorodifluoromethane | 5 to 50 | ±40% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0056 | 4630 | 1,1-Dichloroethane | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0059 | 4660 | 1,3-Dichloropropane | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0060 | 4665 | 2,2-Dichloropropane | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0058 | 4670 | 1,1-Dichloropropene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0152 | 4680 | Cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0153 | 4685 | Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0081 | 4835 | Hexachlorobutadiene | 5 to 50 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0084 | 4900 | Isopropylbenzene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0083 | 4910 | 4-Isopropyltoluene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | | 5000 | Methyl-tert-butylether (MTBE) | 5 to 50 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | | 5005 | Naphthalene | 5 to 50 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 30% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0078 | 5090 | n-Propylbenzene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0063 | 5105 | 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0065 | 5110 | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0077 | 5150 | 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | 5 to 50 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0087 | 5175 | Trichlorofluoromethane | 5 to 50 | ±40% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0064 | 5180 | 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0075 | 5210 | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0082 | 5215 | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 2 to 20 | ± 40% at < 10 ± 20% ≥ 10 fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| | | | | µg/L | | | | µg/L |
| Drinking Water | 0045 | 4570 | 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP) | 0.1 to 2 | ±40% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | 0046 | 4585 | Ethylene Dibromide (EDB) | 0.05 to 2 | ±40% fixed acceptance limit | | | |
| Drinking Water | | 5180 | 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | 0.2 to 2.0 | ±40% fixed acceptance limit | | | |

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| | Analyte | Analyte | | | a | b | c | d | |
| | Code | Code | | | | | | | |
| | | | Pesticides ¹ | µg/L | | | | µg/L | |
| Drinking Water | 0093 | 7005 | Alachlor | 2 to 20 | ±45% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 1.1 |
| Drinking Water | 0256 | 7025 | Aldrin | 0.2 to 2.5 | 0.8618 | -0.0012 | 0.2025 | 0.0054 | 0.08 |
| Drinking Water | 0094 | 7065 | Atrazine | 2 to 20 | ±45% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 1.1 |
| Drinking Water | | 7160 | Butachlor | 2 to 20 | ±45% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 1.1 |
| Drinking Water | 0097 | 7250 | Chlordane (technical) | 2 to 20 | ±45% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 1.1 |
| Drinking Water | 0258 | 7470 | Dieldrin | 0.5 to 2.5 | ±45% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 0.28 |
| Drinking Water | 0011 | 7540 | Endrin | 0.2 to 2.5 | ±30% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 0.14 |
| Drinking Water | 0095 | 7685 | Heptachlor | 0.2 to 2.5 | ±45% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 0.11 |
| Drinking Water | 0096 | 7690 | Heptachlor Epoxide (beta) | 0.2 to 2.5 | ±45% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 0.11 |
| Drinking Water | 0172 | 6275 | Hexachlorobenzene | 0.5 to 5 | 0.8727 | 0.0048 | 0.1795 | 0.0195 | 0.22 |
| Drinking Water | 0112 | 6285 | Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 2 to 20 | 0.8508 | 0.0882 | 0.2716 | 0.1073 | 0.49 |
| Drinking Water | 0012 | 7120 | Lindane | 0.2 to 2.5 | ±45% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 0.11 |
| Drinking Water | 0013 | 7810 | Methoxychlor | 2 to 20 | ±45% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 1.1 |
| Drinking Water | | 7835 | Metolachlor | 2 to 20 | ±45% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 1.1 |
| Drinking Water | | 7845 | Metribuzin | 2 to 20 | ±50% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 1.0 |
| Drinking Water | 0259 | 8045 | Propachlor | 1 to 10 | ±45% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 0.55 |
| Drinking Water | 0113 | 8125 | Simazine | 2 to 20 | ±45% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 1.1 |
| Drinking Water | 0014 | 8250 | Toxaphene (total) | 2 to 20 | ±45% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 1.1 |
| Drinking Water | 0244 | 8295 | Trifluralin | 1 to 10 | ±45% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 0.55 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Carbamates & Vydate | µg/L | | | | µg/L | |
| Drinking Water | 0098 | 7010 | Aldicarb | 15 to 100 | ±25% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 11 |
| Drinking Water | 0099 | 7015 | Aldicarb Sulfone | 15 to 100 | ±25% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 11 |
| Drinking Water | 0100 | 7020 | Aldicarb Sulfoxide | 15 to 80 | ±25% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 11 |
| Drinking Water | | 7195 | Carbaryl | 15 to 100 | ±25% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 11 |
| Drinking Water | 0101 | 7205 | Carbofuran | 15 to 150 | ±45% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 8.3 |
| Drinking Water | | 7710 | 3-Hydroxycarbofuran | 15 to 80 | ±20% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 12 |
| Drinking Water | 0245 | 7805 | Methomyl | 15 to 100 | ±20% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 12 |
| Drinking Water | 0114 | 7940 | Oxamyl (Vydate) | 15 to 100 | ±25% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 11 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Chlorinated Acid Herbicides ^{13d} | µg/L | | | | µg/L | |
| Drinking Water | 0262 | 8505 | Acifluorfen | 10 to 100 | ±50% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 5.0 |
| Drinking Water | 0015 | 8545 | 2,4-D ^{13e} | 10 to 100 | ±50% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 5.0 |
| Drinking Water | | 8560 | 2,4-DB | 20 to 120 | ±50% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 10 |
| Drinking Water | 0115 | 8555 | Dalapon | 10 to 100 | ±50% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 5.0 |
| Drinking Water | 0247 | 8595 | Dicamba | 20 to 100 | ±50% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 10 |
| Drinking Water | 0116 | 8620 | Dinoseb | 7 to 70 | 0.8480 | 0.8414 | 0.2628 | 0.0044 | 3.1 |
| Drinking Water | 0102 | 6605 | Pentachlorophenol | 1 to 25 | ±50% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 0.50 |
| Drinking Water | 0117 | 8645 | Picloram | 10 to 100 | ±50% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 5.0 |
| Drinking Water | 0016 | 8650 | 2,4,5-TP (Silvex) | 10 to 100 | ±50% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 5.0 |
| Drinking Water | | 8655 | 2,4,5-T | 10 to 100 | ±50% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 5.0 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Other Herbicides | µg/L | | | | µg/L | |
| Drinking Water | 0137 | 9390 | Diquat ^{13f} | 8 to 40 | ±50% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 4.0 |
| Drinking Water | 0138 | 7525 | Endothall ^{13g} | 80 to 500 | ±50% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 40 |
| Drinking Water | 0139 | 9411 | Glyphosate | 375 to 800 | ±20% fixed acceptance limit | | | | 300 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

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| | Analyte Code | Analyte Code | | | a | b | c | d |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Haloacetic acids | µg/L | | | | µg/L |
| Drinking Water | 0250 | 9315 | Bromochloroacetic Acid | 5 to 50 | ±40% fixed acceptance limit | | | 3.0 |
| Drinking Water | 0157 | 9357 | Dibromoacetic Acid | 5 to 50 | ±40% fixed acceptance limit ¹⁴ | | | 3.0 |
| Drinking Water | 0158 | 9360 | Dichloroacetic Acid | 5 to 50 | ±40% fixed acceptance limit ¹⁴ | | | 3.0 |
| Drinking Water | 0160 | 9312 | Monobromoacetic Acid | 5 to 50 | ±40% fixed acceptance limit ¹⁴ | | | 3.0 |
| Drinking Water | 0161 | 9336 | Monochloroacetic Acid | 10 to 50 | ±40% fixed acceptance limit ¹⁴ | | | 6.0 |
| Drinking Water | 0162 | 9642 | Trichloroacetic Acid | 5 to 50 | ±40% fixed acceptance limit ¹⁴ | | | 3.0 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Adipate/Phthalate | µg/L | | | | µg/L |
| Drinking Water | 0134 | 6062 | Di(2-Ethylhexyl) Adipate | 8 to 50 | 0.9817 | -0.4239 | 0.1250 | 1.4658 |
| Drinking Water | 0136 | 6065 | Di(2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate | 5 to 50 | 0.9216 | 1.3142 | 0.2049 | 0.7388 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | PCBs in Water² | µg/L | | | | µg/L |
| Drinking Water | 0118 | 9105 | PCBs as Decachlorobiphenyl ^{1,3h} | 0.5 to 5 | ±100% fixed acceptance limit | | | 0.05 |
| Drinking Water | | 8872 | PCB Aroclor Identification | | Correct identification of Aroclor examined | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | PAH | µg/L | | | | µg/L |
| Drinking Water | 0122 | 5580 | Benzo(a)pyrene | 0.2 to 2.5 | 0.8471 | -0.0040 | 0.1854 | 0.0547 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Dioxin | pg/L | | | | pg/L |
| Drinking Water | 0252 | 9618 | 2,3,7,8-Tetrachloro-dibenzodioxin | 20 to 100 | 0.8642 | 1.4865 | 0.1392 | 1.1445 |
| | | | | | | | | |

| NELAC PT for Accreditation | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|---|-------------------|
| Fields of Proficiency Testing with PTRLs | | | | | | | | |
| Drinking Water | | | | | | | | |
| Effective January 3, 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Red = Previous Experimental Analytes | Blue = New Analyte/Header/Footer | | | | Magenta = Changes |
| Matrix | EPA | NELAC | Analyte ^{1,2} | Conc Range | Acceptance Criteria ^{3,4,5,6} | | | |
| | Analyte Code | Analyte Code | | | a | b | c | d |
| 1) For volatile and pesticide standards, providers must include a minimum number of analytes using the criteria described below: | | | | | | | | |
| PT samples that are to be scored for one to ten analytes must include all of these analytes. | | | | | | | | |
| PT sample that are to be scored for ten to twenty analytes must include at least ten of these analytes or 80% of the total, whichever number is greater. | | | | | | | | |
| PT sample that are to be scored for more than twenty analytes must include at least sixteen of these analytes or 60% of the total, whichever number is greater. | | | | | | | | |
| If the calculated percentage of the total number of analytes in the PT sample is a fraction, the fraction shall be rounded up to the next whole number. | | | | | | | | |
| 2) One sample in every study, containing one Aroclor, selected at random from among the Aroclors listed (1016, 1221, 1232, 1242, 1248, 1254 or 1260) for the analysis of PCBs as decachlorobiphenyl. | | | | | | | | |
| 3) The acceptance criteria found in 40 CFR Part 141 are incorporated herein by reference. Acceptance criteria for FoPTs not included in 40 CFR Part 141 are presented in this table. | | | | | | | | |
| Acceptance limits are set at the Mean \pm 2 SD. | | | | | | | | |
| Where the a, b, c and d factors are presented, Mean = $a \cdot T + b$; SD = $c \cdot T + d$ where T is the assigned value. | | | | | | | | |
| Where only the c and d factors are presented, Mean = Robust Study Mean; SD = $c \cdot X + d$ where X is the Robust Study Mean. | | | | | | | | |
| Where no factors are presented (Study Mean \pm 3SD), Mean = Robust Study Mean, SD = Robust Study Standard Deviation. | | | | | | | | |
| Robust Study Mean and Standard Deviation are generated using statistical analysis of study data set. (ie. Bi-weight, Grubbs, Dixon, etc.) | | | | | | | | |
| Quantitative Microbiology acceptance criteria (e.g., HPC) are based on the robust participant Mean and SD determined from each respective PT study, after outlier removal. | | | | | | | | |
| 4) If the lower acceptance limit generated using the criteria contained in this table is less than (<) 10% of the assigned value, the lower acceptance limits are set at 10% of the assigned value, with the exception of Microbiology analytes. | | | | | | | | |
| 5) If the lower acceptance limit generated using the criteria contained in this table is greater than (>) 90% of the assigned value, the lower acceptance limits are set at 90% of the assigned value, with the exception of Microbiology analytes. | | | | | | | | |
| 6) If the upper acceptance limit generated using the criteria contained in this table is less than (<) 110% of the assigned value, the upper acceptance limits are set at 110% of the assigned value, with the exception of Microbiology analytes. | | | | | | | | |
| 7) NELAC Proficiency Testing Reporting Limits (PTRLs) are provided as guidance to laboratories analyzing NELAC PT samples. These levels are the lowest acceptable results that could be obtained from the lowest spike level for each analyte. The laboratory should report any positive result down to the PTRL. It is recognized that in some cases (especially for analytes that typically exhibit low recovery) the PTRL may be below the standard laboratory reporting limit. However, the laboratory should use a method that is sensitive enough to generate results at the PTRL shown. NELAC PTRLs are also provided as guidance to PT Providers. At a minimum for all analytes with an assigned value equal to "0", the PT Provider should verify that the sample does not contain the analyte at a concentration greater than or equal to the PTRL. | | | | | | | | |
| 8) The ten-sample set which is provided to the participant laboratories shall contain bacteria that produces the following results when analyzed: | | | | | | | | |
| Positive results for total coliforms, fecal coliforms and E.coli. | | | | | | | | |
| Positive results for total coliforms and negative results for fecal coliforms and E.coli. | | | | | | | | |
| Negative results for total coliforms, fecal coliforms and E.coli. | | | | | | | | |
| These limits are for Presence-Absence only. | | | | | | | | |

| NELAC PT for Accreditation | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|---|-------------------|
| Fields of Proficiency Testing with PTRLs | | | | | | | | |
| Drinking Water | | | | | | | | |
| Effective January 3, 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Red = Previous Experimental Analytes | Blue = New Analyte/Header/Footer | | | | Magenta = Changes |
| Matrix | EPA Analyte Code | NELAC Analyte Code | Analyte ^{1,2} | Conc Range | Acceptance Criteria ^{3,4,5,6} | | | |
| | | | | | a | b | c | d |
| 9) The ten-sample set shall be assigned lot numbers and randomly composed of samples as follows: | | | | | | | | |
| Two to four samples containing an aerogenic strain of Escherichia which will ensure positive results for total coliforms, fecal coliforms and E.coli. when analyzed by any of the USEPA approved methods. | | | | | | | | |
| Two to four samples containing an aerogenic strain of Enterobacter species and/or other microorganism which will ensure positive results for total coliforms and negative result for fecal coliforms and E.coli. when analyzed by any of the USEPA approved methods. | | | | | | | | |
| One to two samples containing Pseudomonas species and/or other microorganism which will ensure negative results for total coliforms, fecal coliforms and E.coli. when analyzed by any of the USEPA approved methods. | | | | | | | | |
| One to two samples which do not contain any microorganism which ensure negative results for total coliforms, fecal coliforms and E.coli. when analyzed by any of the USEPA approved methods. | | | | | | | | |
| 10) Laboratories analyzing qualitative sample sets for more than one method in a particular study shall obtain a unique ten-sample set for each method reported as specified in Footnote 9. | | | | | | | | |
| 11) These limits are for quantitative methods using membrane filtration (MF) or pour-plate (PP) techniques. | | | | | | | | |
| 12) These limits are for quantitative methods using most probable number (MPN) techniques. | | | | | | | | |
| 13) The following recommended sample designs, which were used in past USEPA studies, should be used as model designs because other designs may not give equivalent statistics. PT study providers may vary their sample designs from those shown. The specifics within each sample are within the discretion of the PT study Provider. | | | | | | | | |
| a) Design criteria for Mercury – 1:1 (mole:mole as Hg) Mercuric Oxide and Methyl Mercuric Chloride. | | | | | | | | |
| b) Design criteria for Total Cyanide – uncomplexed, e.g., Potassium Cyanide. | | | | | | | | |
| c) Design criterion for Turbidity - Formazin is the source for Turbidity. | | | | | | | | |
| d) Design criteria for Chlorinated Acid Herbicides - should be supplied in the acid form of the target herbicide. | | | | | | | | |
| e) Design criteria for 2,4-D – should be at least half the butyl ester with the remainder in the acid form. | | | | | | | | |
| f) Design criteria for Diquat – Starting material is Diquat Dibromide Monohydrate as required in the method. All assigned values and reported values should be as Diquat. | | | | | | | | |
| g) Design criteria for Endothall – Starting material is Endothall Monohydrate as required in the method. All assigned values and reported values should be as Endothall. | | | | | | | | |
| h) Design criteria for Decachlorobiphenyl – The source of the Decachlorobiphenyl is one of the following Aroclors: 1016, 1221, 1232, 1242, 1248, 1254, 1260. The assigned value of the Decachlorobiphenyl is to be calculated by the provider from the concentration of the Aroclor used to prepare the sample according to Table 1 of the USEPA Method 508A. | | | | | | | | |

| NELAC PT for Accreditation | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|---|-------------------------|
| Fields of Proficiency Testing with PTRLs | | | | | | | | |
| Drinking Water | | | | | | | | |
| Effective January 3, 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Red = Previous Experimental Analytes | Blue = New Analyte/Header/Footer | | | | Magenta = Changes |
| Matrix | EPA | NELAC | Analyte ^{1,2} | Conc Range | Acceptance Criteria ^{3,4,5,6} | | | NELAC PTRL ⁷ |
| | Analyte | Analyte | | | a | b | c | d |
| | Code | Code | | | | | | |
| 14) Laboratories seeking or maintaining NELAP accreditation for Total Trihalomethanes must meet NELAC PT requirements for all 4 Trihalomethane | | | | | | | | |
| Fields of Proficiency Testing in the given study, by technology/method (Chloroform, Bromoform, Bromodichloromethane, Chlorodibromomethane). | | | | | | | | |
| Laboratories seeking or maintaining NELAP accreditation for Total Haloacetic Acids must meet NELAC PT requirements for 4 out of 5 regulated | | | | | | | | |
| Haloacetic Acid Fields of Proficiency Testing in the given PT study, by technology/method (Monochloroacetic Acid, Monobromoacetic Acid, | | | | | | | | |
| Dichloroacetic Acid, Dibromoacetic Acid, Trichloroacetic Acid). | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
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